



RAISE UP

PROCUREMENT POLICY

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This Procurement Policy complies with the Public Housing ACC and Section 8 ACC between Lorain Metropolitan Housing Authority (doing business as Raise Up) and the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Federal Regulations at 2 CFR 200.317-326, the procurement standards of the Procurement Handbook for PHAs, HUD Handbook 7460.8, Rev. 3, and applicable Ohio and local laws.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

GENERAL

Raise Up shall: provide for a procurement system of quality and integrity; provide for the fair and equitable treatment of all persons or firms involved in purchasing by Raise Up; ensure that supplies and services (including construction) are procured efficiently, effectively, and at the most favorable prices available to Raise Up; promote competition in contracting; and assure that Raise Up purchasing actions are in full compliance with applicable Federal standards, HUD regulations, Ohio, and local laws.

APPLICATION

This Procurement Policy applies to all procurement actions of Raise Up, regardless of the source of funds, except as noted under “exclusions,” below. However, nothing in this Policy shall prevent Raise Up from complying with the terms and conditions of any grant, contract, gift, or bequest that is otherwise consistent with the law. When both HUD and non-Federal grant funds are used for a project, the work to be accomplished with the funds should be separately identified prior to procurement so that appropriate requirements can be applied, if necessary. If it is not possible to separate the funds, HUD procurement regulations shall be applied to the total project. If funds and work can be separated and work can be completed by a new contract, then regulations applicable to the source of funding may be followed.

DEFINITION

The term “procurement,” as used in this Policy, includes the procuring, purchasing, leasing, or renting of: (1) goods, supplies, equipment, and materials; (2) construction and maintenance; (3) consultant services, (4) Architectural and Engineering (A/E) services; (5) social services; and (6) other services.

EXCLUSIONS

This policy does not govern the selection of applicants under the HCV and PBV programs, the selection of projects or proposals to attach vouchers under the PBV program, the execution of HAP contracts under the HCV and PBV programs, or non-program income, e.g., fee-for-service revenue under 24 CFR Part 990. These excluded areas are subject to applicable State and local requirements.

CHANGES IN LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In the event an applicable law or regulation is modified or eliminated, or a new law or regulation is adopted, the revised law or regulation shall, to the extent inconsistent with these policies, automatically supersede these policies.

PUBLIC ACCESS TO PROCUREMENT INFORMATION

Most procurement information that is not proprietary is a matter of public record and shall be available to the public to the extent provided in the Ohio Public Records Act, R.C. §

ETHICS IN PUBLIC CONTRACTING

GENERAL

Raise Up hereby establishes this code of conduct regarding procurement issues and actions and shall implement a system of sanctions for violations. This code is consistent with applicable Federal, State, and local law.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

In addition to any other applicable conflict of interest requirements, neither Raise Up nor any of its contractors or their subcontractors may enter any contract, subcontract, or arrangement in connection with a project in which any of the following classes of people has an interest, direct or indirect, during his or her tenure or for one year thereafter:

- Any present or former member or officer of the governing body of Raise Up or any member of the officer's immediate family. There shall be excepted from this prohibition any present or former tenant commissioner who does not serve on the governing body of a resident corporation and who otherwise does not occupy a policymaking position with the resident corporation, Raise Up, or a business entity.
- Any employee of Raise Up who formulates policy or who influences decisions with respect to the project(s), or any member of the employee's immediate family, or the employee's partner.
- Any public official, member of the local governing body, State or local legislator, or any member of such individual's immediate family, who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to the project(s) of Raise Up.
- Any member of these classes of persons must disclose the member's interest or prospective interest to Raise Up. The provisions of this shall not apply to the General Depository Agreement entered with an institution regulated by a Federal agency, or to utility service for which the rates are fixed or controlled by a State or local agency. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a tenant of Raise Up from serving on the governing body of Raise Up.

Raise Up may not hire an employee in connection with a project if the prospective employee is an immediate family member of any person belonging to one of the following classes:

- Any present or former member or officer of the governing body of Raise Up. There shall be excepted from the prohibition any former tenant commissioner who does not serve on the governing body of a resident corporation and who otherwise does not occupy a policymaking position with Raise Up.
- Any employee of Raise Up who formulates policy or who influences decisions with respect to the project(s).
- Any public official, member of the local governing body, or State or local legislator, who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to the project(s) or Raise Up.

The prohibition shall remain in effect throughout the class member's tenure and for one year thereafter. The class member shall disclose to Raise Up the member's familial relationship to the prospective employee. The requirements may be waived by the Raise Up Board of Commissioners for good cause, provided that such waiver is permitted by State and local law.

For purposes of this section, the term "immediate family member" means the spouse, mother, father, brother, sister, or child of a covered class member (whether related as a full blood relative, or as a "half" or "step" relative, e.g., a half-brother or stepchild).

GRATUITIES, KICKBACKS, AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

No officer, employee, Board member, or agent shall ask for or accept gratuities, favors, or items of more than \$25.00 in value from any contractor, potential contractor, or party to any subcontract, and shall not knowingly use confidential information for actual or anticipated personal gain. Disciplinary actions will be applied for violations of these standards by officers, employees, or agents of Raise Up.

PROHIBITION AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES

Contractors wanting to do business with Raise Up must not hire a person to solicit or secure a contract for a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee, except for bona fide established commercial selling agencies.

PROCUREMENT PLANNING

Planning is essential to managing the procurement function properly. Hence, Raise Up will periodically review its record of prior purchases, as well as future needs, to find patterns of procurement actions that could be performed more efficiently or economically; maximize competition and competitive pricing among contracts and decrease Raise Up's procurement costs; reduce Raise Up administrative costs; ensure that supplies and services are obtained without any need for re-procurement, e.g., resolving bid protests; and minimize errors that occur when there is inadequate lead time. Consideration should be given to storage, security, and handling requirements when planning the most appropriate purchasing actions.

PURCHASING METHODS

PETTY CASH PURCHASES

Purchases under \$50.00 may be handled using a petty cash account. Petty cash accounts may be established in an amount sufficient to cover simplified acquisitions made during a reasonable period, e.g., one month. For all petty cash accounts, Raise Up shall ensure that security is maintained and only authorized individuals have access to the account. These accounts should be reconciled and replenished periodically.

INFORMAL PROCUREMENT METHODS

For any amounts above the petty cash ceiling but not exceeding the Simplified Acquisition Threshold set by 48 CFR subpart 2.1 (the "SAT"), Raise Up may use simplified acquisitions procedures. Under informal procurement methods, Raise Up shall obtain a reasonable number of quotes (preferably three). However, provided Raise Up satisfies the requirements of 2 CFR 200.320(a)(1)(iv) only one quote is required for micro-

purchases under \$50,000.00 (the "MPT") if the quote is considered reasonable. To the greatest extent feasible, and to promote competition, informal procurements should be distributed among qualified sources. Quotes may be obtained orally (either in person or by phone), by fax, in writing, or through e-procurement. Award shall be made to the qualified vendor that provides the best value to Raise Up. If award is to be made for reasons other than lowest price, documentation shall be provided in the contract file. Raise Up shall not break down requirements aggregating more than the SAT (or the MPT) into several purchases that are less than the applicable threshold merely to: (1) permit use of the simplified acquisitions procedures or (2) avoid any requirements that applies to purchases that exceed the MPT.

SEALED BIDS

Sealed bidding shall be used for all contracts that exceed the SAT and that are not competitive proposals or non-competitive proposals as these terms are defined in this document.

Under sealed bids, Raise Up publicly solicits bids and awards a firm fixed-price contract (lump sum or unit price) to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming with all the material terms and conditions of the Invitation for Bid (IFB), is the lowest in price. Sealed bidding is the preferred method for procuring construction, supply, and non-complex service contracts that are expected to exceed the SAT.

Conditions for Using Sealed Bids. Raise Up shall use the sealed bid method if the following conditions are present: a complete, adequate, and realistic statement of work, specification, or purchase description is available; two or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compete effectively for the work; the contract can be awarded based on a firm fixed price; and the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally on the lowest price.

Solicitation and Receipt of Bids. An IFB will be issued that includes the specifications and all contractual terms and conditions applicable to the procurement, and a statement that award will be made to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder whose bid meets the requirements of the solicitation. The IFB must state the time and place for both receiving the bids and the public bid opening. All bids received will be date and time-stamped and stored unopened in a secure place until the public bid opening. A bidder may withdraw the bid at any time prior to the bid opening.

Bid Opening and Award. Bids shall be opened publicly. All bids received shall be recorded on an abstract (tabulation) of bids and then made available for public inspection. If equal low bids are received from responsible bidders, selection shall be made by drawing lots or other similar random method. The method for doing this shall be stated in the IFB. If only one responsive bid is received from a responsible bidder, award shall not be made unless the price can be determined to be reasonable based on a cost or price analysis.

Mistakes in Bids. Correction or withdrawal of bids may be permitted, where appropriate, before bid opening by written or telegraphic notice received in the office designated in the IFB prior to the time set for bid opening. After bid opening, corrections in bids may be permitted only if the bidder can show by clear and convincing evidence that a mistake of a nonjudgmental character was made, the nature of the mistake, and the bid price actually intended. A low bidder alleging a nonjudgmental mistake may be permitted to withdraw

its bid if the mistake is clearly evident on the face of the bid document, but the intended bid is unclear or the bidder submits convincing evidence that a mistake was made. All decisions to allow correction or withdrawal of a bid shall be supported by a written determination signed by the Contracting Officer. After bid opening, changes in bid prices or other provisions of bids prejudicial to the interest of Raise Up or fair competition shall not be permitted.

COMPETITIVE PROPOSALS

Unlike sealed bidding, the competitive proposal method permits consideration of technical factors other than price, discussion with offerors concerning offers submitted, negotiation of contract price or estimated cost and other contract terms and conditions, revision of proposals before the final contractor selection, and the withdrawal of an offer at any time up until the point of award. Award is normally made on the basis of the proposal that represents the best overall value to Raise Up, considering price and other factors (e.g., technical expertise, past experience, quality of proposed staffing) set forth in the solicitation and not solely the lowest price.

Conditions for Use. Where conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed bidding, competitive proposals may be used. Competitive proposals are the preferred method for procuring professional services that will exceed the SAT.

Form of Solicitation. Other than A/E services, competitive proposals shall be solicited through the issuance of a Request for Proposals (RFP). The RFP shall clearly identify the importance and relative value of each of the evaluation factors as well as any subfactors and price. A mechanism for fairly and thoroughly evaluating the technical and price proposals shall be established before the solicitation is issued.

Proposals shall be handled so as to prevent disclosure of the number of offerors, identity of the offerors, and the contents of their proposals until after award. Raise Up may assign price a specific weight in the evaluation criteria or Raise Up may consider price in conjunction with technical factors; in either case, the method for evaluating price shall be established in the RFP.

Evaluation. The proposals shall be evaluated only on the criteria stated in the RFP by a team of at least three people. Where not apparent from the evaluation criteria, Raise Up shall establish an Evaluation Plan for each RFP. Generally, all RFPs shall be evaluated by an appropriately appointed Evaluation Committee. The Evaluation Committee shall be required to disclose any potential conflicts of interest and to sign a Non-Disclosure Statement. An Evaluation Report, summarizing the results of the evaluation, shall be prepared prior to award of a contract.

Negotiations. Negotiations shall be conducted with all offerors who submit a proposal determined to have a reasonable chance of being selected for award, unless it is determined that negotiations are not needed with any of the offerors. This determination is based on the relative score of the proposals as they are evaluated and rated in accordance with the technical and price factors specified in the RFP. These offerors shall be treated fairly and equally with respect to any opportunity for negotiation and revision of their proposals. No offeror shall be given any information about any other offeror's proposal, and no offeror shall be assisted in bringing its proposal up to the level of any other proposal. A common deadline shall be established for receipt of proposal revisions based on negotiations. Negotiations are exchanges (in either competitive or sole source

environment) between Raise Up and offerors that are undertaken with the intent of allowing the offeror to revise its proposal. These negotiations may include bargaining. Bargaining includes persuasion, alteration of assumptions and positions, and give-and-take, and may apply to price, schedule, technical requirements, type of contract, or other terms of a proposed contract. When negotiations are conducted in a competitive acquisition, they take place after the establishment of the competitive range and are called discussions. Discussions are tailored to each offeror's proposal and shall be conducted by the Contracting Officer with each offeror within the competitive range. The primary objective of discussions is to maximize the FHA's ability to obtain best value, based on the requirements and the evaluation factors set forth in the solicitation. The Contracting Officer shall indicate to, or discuss with, each offeror still being considered for award, significant weaknesses, deficiencies, and other aspects of its proposal (such as cost, price, technical approach, past performance, and terms and conditions) that could, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer, be altered or explained to enhance materially the proposer's potential for award. The scope and extent of discussions are a matter of the Contracting Officer's judgment. The Contracting Officer may inform an offeror that its price is considered by Raise Up to be too high or too low, and reveal the results of the analysis supporting that conclusion. It is also permissible to indicate to all offerors the cost or price that the government's price analysis, market research, and other reviews have identified as reasonable. Auctioning (revealing one offeror's price in an attempt to get another offeror to lower their price) is prohibited.

Award. After evaluation of the revised proposals, if any, the contract shall be awarded to the responsible firm whose technical approach to the project, qualifications, price, and/or any other factors considered are most advantageous to Raise Up provided that the price is within the maximum total project budgeted amount established for the specific property or activity.

A/E Services. Raise Up must contract for A/E services using Qualification-Based Selection (QBS) procedures, utilizing an RFQ. Sealed bidding shall not be used for A/E solicitations. Under QBS procedures, competitors' qualifications are evaluated and the most qualified competitor is selected, subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation. Price is not used as a selection factor under this method. QBS procedures shall not be used to purchase other types of services, though architectural/engineering firms are potential sources.

NONCOMPETITIVE PROPOSALS

Conditions for Use. Procurement by noncompetitive proposals (sole source) may be used only when the award of a contract is not feasible using simplified acquisition procedures, sealed bids, cooperative purchasing, or competitive proposals, and if one of the following applies:

- The acquisition of property or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which does not exceed the MPT;
- The item is available only from a single source, based on a good faith review of available sources;
- An emergency exists that seriously threatens the public health, welfare, or safety; endangers property; or would otherwise cause serious injury to the FHA,

as may arise by reason of a flood, earthquake, epidemic, riot, equipment failure, or similar event. In such cases, there must be an immediate and serious need for supplies, services, or construction such that the need cannot be met through any of the other procurement methods, and the emergency procurement shall be limited to those supplies, services, or construction necessary simply to meet the emergency;

- HUD or a pass-through entity expressly authorizes the use of noncompetitive proposals in response to a written request from Raise Up; or
- After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate.

Justification. Each procurement based on noncompetitive proposals shall be supported by a written justification for the selection of this method. The justification shall be approved in writing by the responsible Contracting Officer. Poor planning or lack of planning is not justification for emergency or sole-source procurements. The justification, to be included in the procurement file, should include the following information:

- Description of the requirement;
- History of prior purchases and their nature (competitive vs. noncompetitive);
- The specific exception in 2 CFR 200.320(c)(1)-(5) that applies;
- Statement as to the unique circumstances that require award by noncompetitive proposals;
- Description of the efforts made to find competitive sources (e.g., advertisement in trade journals or
- local publications, phone calls to local suppliers, issuance of a written solicitation);
- Statement as to efforts that will be taken in the future to promote competition for the requirement; and
- Signature by the Contracting Officer's supervisor (or someone above the level of the Contracting Officer).

Price Reasonableness. The reasonableness of the price for all procurements based on noncompetitive proposals shall be determined by performing an analysis, as described in this Policy.

COOPERATIVE PURCHASING/INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Raise Up may enter into State and/or local cooperative or intergovernmental agreements to purchase or use common supplies, equipment, or services. The decision to use an interagency agreement instead of conducting a direct procurement shall be based on economy and efficiency. If used, the interagency agreement shall stipulate who is authorized to purchase on behalf of the participating parties and shall specify inspection, acceptance, termination, payment, and other relevant terms and conditions. Raise Up may use Federal or State excess and surplus property instead of purchasing new equipment and property if feasible and if it will result in a reduction of project costs. The goods and services obtained under a cooperative purchasing agreement must have been procured in accordance with 2 CFR 200.317-326.

INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATE (ICE)

For all procurements above the SAT (i.e., sealed bid procurements, and for all competitive and noncompetitive proposal procurements) regardless of price, Raise Up shall prepare an ICE prior to receiving bids and price/cost proposals. Although not required by regulation, an ICE should be prepared prior to all purchases deemed sufficiently complex by the Contracting Officer. The level of detail shall be commensurate with the cost and complexity of the item to be purchased.

COST AND PRICE ANALYSIS

Raise Up shall require assurance that, before entering a contract, the price is reasonable, in accordance with the following instructions.

PETTY CASH AND MICRO-PURCHASES

No formal cost or price analysis is required. Rather, the execution of a contract by the Contracting Officer (through a purchase order or other means) shall serve as the Contracting Officer's determination that the price obtained is reasonable, which may be based on the Contracting Officer's prior experience or other factors.

SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION

A comparison with other offers shall generally be sufficient determination of the reasonableness of price and no further analysis is required. If a reasonable number of quotes is not obtained to establish reasonableness through price competition, the Contracting Officer shall document price reasonableness through other means, such as prior purchases of this nature, catalog prices, the Contracting Officer's personal knowledge at the time of purchase, comparison to the ICE, or any other reasonable basis.

SEALED BIDS

The presence of adequate competition should generally be sufficient to establish price reasonableness. Where sufficient bids are not received, when the bid received is substantially more than the ICE, and where Raise Up cannot reasonably determine price reasonableness, Raise Up must conduct a cost analysis, consistent with Federal guidelines, to ensure that the price paid is reasonable.

COMPETITIVE PROPOSALS

The presence of adequate competition should generally be sufficient to establish price reasonableness. Where sufficient bids are not received, Raise Up must compare the price with the ICE. For competitive proposals where prices cannot be easily compared among offerors, where there is not adequate competition, or where the price is substantially greater than the ICE, Raise Up must conduct a cost analysis, consistent with Federal guidelines, to ensure that the price paid is reasonable.

CONTRACT MODIFICATIONS

A cost analysis, consistent with Federal guidelines, shall be conducted for all contract modifications for projects that were procured through Sealed Bids, Competitive Proposals, or Non-Competitive Proposals, or for projects originally procured through Simplified Acquisition procedures and the amount of the contract modification will result in a total contract price in excess of the SAT.

SOLICITATION AND ADVERTISING

METHOD OF SOLICITATION

Petty Cash and Micro-Purchases. Raise Up may contact only one source if the price is below the MPT.

Simplified Acquisitions. Quotes may be solicited orally, through fax, or by any other reasonable method.

Sealed Bids and Competitive Proposals. Solicitations must be public. Raise Up must use one or more following solicitation methods, provided that the method employed provides for meaningful competition, including advertising in newspapers or other print mediums of local or general circulations, trade journals or publications (for construction), or e-procurement provided such e-procurement systems comply with 2 CFR 200.317-326, state and local requirements, and Raise Up's procurement policy.

TIMEFRAME

For purchases of more than the SAT, the public notice should run not less than once each week for two consecutive weeks.

NOTICES AND ADVERTISEMENTS

Notices/advertisements should state, at a minimum, the place, date, and time that the bids or proposals are due, the solicitation number, a contact who can provide a copy of and information about the solicitation, and a brief description of the needed items(s).

TIME PERIOD FOR SUBMISSION OF BIDS

A minimum of 30 days shall generally be provided for preparation and submission of sealed bids and 15 days for competitive proposals. However, the Contracting Officer may allow for a shorter period under extraordinary circumstances.

CANCELLATION OF SOLICITATION

An IFB, RFP, or other solicitation may be cancelled before bids/offers are due if:

- The supplies, services, or construction are no longer required;
- The funds are no longer available;
- Proposed amendments to the solicitation are of such magnitude that a new solicitation would be best; or
- Other similar reasons.

A solicitation may be cancelled and all bids or proposals that have already been received may be rejected if:

- The supplies or services (including construction) are no longer required;
- Ambiguous or otherwise inadequate specifications were part of the solicitation;
- All factors of significance to Raise Up were not considered;
- Prices exceed available funds and it would not be appropriate to adjust quantities;

- There is reason to believe that bids or proposals may not have been independently determined in open competition, may have been collusive, or may have been submitted in bad faith; or
- For good cause of a similar nature when it is in the best interest of Raise Up.

The reasons for cancellation shall be documented in the procurement file and the reasons for cancellation and/or rejection shall be provided upon request.

A notice of cancellation shall be sent to all bidders/offerors solicited and, if appropriate, shall explain that they will be given an opportunity to compete on any re-solicitation or future procurement of similar items. If all otherwise acceptable bids received in response to an IFB are at unreasonable prices an analysis should be conducted to see if there is a problem in either the specifications or Raise Up's cost estimate. If both are determined adequate and if only one bid is received and the price is unreasonable, the Contracting Officer may cancel the solicitation and either:

- Re-solicit using an RFP; or
- Complete the procurement by using the competitive proposal method.

The Contracting Officer will determine, in writing, that such action is appropriate, inform all bidders of Raise Up's intent to negotiate, and give each bidder a reasonable opportunity to negotiate. If problems are found with the specifications, Raise Up will cancel the solicitation, revise the specifications and resolicit using an IFB.

CREDIT (OR PURCHASING) CARDS

Credit card usage should follow the rules for all other small purchases. For example, the Contracting Officer may use a credit card for micro-purchases without obtaining additional quotes provided the price is considered reasonable. However, for amounts above the micro-purchase level, the Contracting Officer would generally need to have obtained a reasonable number of quotes before purchasing via a credit card. When using credit cards, Raise Up should adopt reasonable safeguards to ensure they are used only for intended purposes (for instance, limiting the types of purchases or the amount of purchases that are permitted with credit cards).

BONDING REQUIREMENTS

The standards under this section apply to construction contracts that exceed the SAT. There are no bonding requirements for simplified acquisitions or for competitive proposals. Raise Up may require bonds in these latter circumstances when deemed appropriate; however, non-construction contracts should generally not require bid bonds.

All uses of Capital Funds shall have bonding in accordance with 24 CFR 905.316(d). Other bond and guarantee requirements shall be in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200.

These bonds must be obtained from guarantee or surety companies acceptable to the U.S. Government and authorized to do business in the State where the work is to be performed. Individual sureties shall not be considered. U. S. Treasury Circular Number 570 lists companies approved to act as sureties on bonds securing government contracts,

the maximum underwriting limits on each contract bonded, and the States in which the company is licensed to do business. Use of companies on this circular is mandatory.

CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY

Raise Up shall not award any contract until the prospective contractor, i.e., low responsive bidder or successful offeror, has been determined to be responsible. A responsible bidder/offeror must:

- Have adequate financial resources to perform the contract, or the ability to obtain them;
- Be able to comply with the required or proposed delivery or performance schedule, taking into consideration all the bidder's/offeror's existing commercial and governmental business commitments;
- Have a satisfactory performance record;
- Have a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics;
- Have the necessary organization, experience, accounting and operational controls, and technical skills, or the ability to obtain them;
- Have the necessary production, construction, and technical equipment and facilities, or the ability to obtain them; and
- Be otherwise qualified and eligible to receive an award under applicable laws and regulations, including not be suspended, debarred, or on the HUD Limited Denial of Participation List.

If a prospective contractor is found to be non-responsible, a written determination of non-responsibility shall be prepared and included in the official contract file, and the prospective contractor shall be advised of the reasons for the determination.

SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT

Contracts shall not be awarded to debarred, suspended, or ineligible contractors. Contractors may be suspended, debarred, or determined to be ineligible by HUD in accordance with HUD regulations (24 CFR 200.213) or by other Federal agencies (e.g., Department of Labor (DOL) for violation of labor regulations) when necessary to protect housing authorities in their business dealings.

VENDOR LISTS

All interested businesses shall be given the opportunity to be included on vendor mailing lists. Any lists of persons, firms, or products which are used in the purchase of supplies and services (including construction) shall be kept current and include enough sources to ensure competition.

CONTRACT PRICING ARRANGEMENTS

CONTRACT TYPES

Any type of contract which is appropriate to the procurement, and which will promote the best interests of Raise Up may be used, provided the cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost and percentage-of-construction-cost methods are not used. All solicitations and contracts shall include the clauses and provisions necessary to define the rights and responsibilities of both the contractor and Raise Up.

For all cost reimbursement contracts, Raise Up must include a written determination as to why no other contract type is suitable. Further, the contract must include a ceiling price that the contractor exceeds at its own risk.

OPTIONS

Options for additional quantities or performance periods may be included in contracts, provided that:

- The option is contained in the solicitation;
- The option is a unilateral right of Raise Up;
- The contract states a limit on the additional quantities and the overall term of the contract;
- The options are evaluated as part of the initial competition;
- The contract states the period within which the options may be exercised;
- The options may be exercised only at the price specified in or reasonably determinable from the contract; and
- The options may be exercised only if determined to be more advantageous to Raise Up than conducting a new procurement.

CONTRACT CLAUSES

All contracts should identify the contract pricing arrangement as well as other pertinent terms and conditions, as determined by Raise Up. Additionally, Forms HUD-5369, 5369-A, 5369-B, 5369, 5370, 5370C, and 51915-A, which contain all HUD-required clauses and certifications for contracts of more than the SAT, as well as any forms/clauses as required by HUD for simplified acquisitions, shall be used in all corresponding solicitations and contracts issued by Raise Up.

CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

Raise Up shall maintain a system of contract administration designed to ensure that contractors perform in accordance with their contracts. These systems shall provide for inspection of supplies, services, or construction, as well as monitoring contractor performance, status reporting on major projects including construction contracts, and similar matters. For cost-reimbursement contracts, costs are allowable only to the extent that they are consistent with the cost principles in HUD Handbook 2210.18.

SPECIFICATIONS AND SCOPE OF WORK

GENERAL

All specifications shall be drafted to promote overall economy for the purpose intended and to encourage competition in satisfying Raise Up needs. Specifications shall be reviewed prior to issuing any solicitation to ensure that they are not unduly restrictive or represent unnecessary or duplicative items. Function or performance specifications are preferred. Detailed product specifications shall be avoided whenever possible. Consideration shall be given to consolidating or breaking out procurements to obtain a more economical purchase. For equipment purchases, a lease versus purchase analysis should be performed to determine the most economical form of procurement.

LIMITATION

The following types of specifications shall be avoided:

- Geographic restrictions not mandated or encouraged by applicable Federal law (except for A/E contracts, which may include geographic location as a selection factor if adequate competition is available); and
- Brand name specifications (unless the specifications list the minimum essential characteristics and standards to which the item must conform to satisfy its intended use).

Nothing in this procurement policy shall preempt any State licensing laws. Specifications shall be reviewed to ensure that organizational conflicts of interest do not occur.

APPEALS AND REMEDIES

GENERAL

It is Raise Up policy to resolve all contractual issues informally and without litigation. Disputes will not be referred to HUD unless all administrative remedies have been exhausted. When appropriate, a mediator may be used to help resolve differences.

INFORMAL APPEALS PROCEDURE

Raise Up shall adopt an informal bid protest/appeal procedure for contracts of equal to or less than the SAT. Under these procedures, the bidder/contractor may request to meet with the appropriate Contracting Officer.

FORMAL APPEALS PROCEDURE

A formal appeals procedure shall be established for solicitations/contracts more than the SAT.

Bid Protest. Any actual or prospective contractor may protest the solicitation or award of a contract for serious violations of the principles of this policy. Any protest against a solicitation must be received before the due date for the receipt of bids or proposals, and any protest against the award of a contract must be received within the amount of time after the contract receives notice of the contract award specified in the solicitation or the protest will not be considered. All bid protests shall be in writing, submitted to the

Contracting Officer or their designee, who shall issue a written decision on the matter. The Contracting Officer may, at his/her discretion, suspend the procurement pending resolution of the protest if the facts presented so warrant.

Contractor Claims. All claims by a contractor relating to performance of a contract shall be submitted in writing to the Contracting Officer for a written decision. The contractor may request a conference on the claim. The Contracting Officer's decision shall inform the contractor of its appeal rights to the next higher level of authority in Raise Up. Contractor claims shall be governed by the changes clause in Form HUD-5370.

ASSISTANCE TO SMALL AND OTHER BUSINESSES

REQUIRED EFFORTS

Consistent with Presidential Executive Orders 11625, 12138, and 12432, and Section 3 of the HUD Act of 1968, all feasible efforts shall be made to ensure that small and minority-owned businesses, women's business enterprises, and other individuals or firms located in or owned in substantial part by persons residing in the area of Raise Up project are used when possible. Such efforts shall include, but shall not be limited to:

- Including such firms, when qualified, on solicitation mailing lists;
- Encouraging their participation through direct solicitation of bids or proposals whenever they are potential sources;
- Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by such firms;
- Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by such firms;
- Using the services and assistance of the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce;
- Including in contracts, to the greatest extent feasible, a clause requiring contractors, to provide opportunities for training and employment for lower income residents of the project area and to award subcontracts for work in connection with the project to business concerns which provide opportunities to low-income residents, as described in 24 CFR Part 75 (so-called Section 3 businesses); and
- Requiring prime contractors, when subcontracting is anticipated, to take the positive steps listed above.

Goals shall be established periodically for participation by small businesses, minority-owned businesses, women-owned business enterprises, labor surplus area businesses, and Section 3 business concerns in Raise Up prime contracts and subcontracting opportunities.

DEFINITIONS

A “small business” is defined as a business that is independently owned, not dominant in its field of operation, and not an affiliate or subsidiary of a business dominant in its field of operation. The size standards in 13 CFR Part 121 should be used to determine business size.

A “minority-owned business” is defined as a business which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more minority group members; or, in the case of a publicly-owned business, one in which at least 51 percent of its voting stock is owned by one or more minority group members, and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more such individuals. Minority group members include, but are not limited to Black Americans, Hispanic Americans, Native Americans, Asian Pacific Americans, Asian Indian Americans, and Hasidic Jewish Americans.

A “women’s business enterprise” is defined as a business that is at least 51 percent owned by a woman or women who are U.S. citizens and who control and operate the business.

A “Section 3 business concern” is as defined under 24 CFR Part 75.

A “labor surplus area business” is defined as a business which, together with its immediate subcontractors, will incur more than 50 percent of the cost of performing the contract in an area of concentrated unemployment or underemployment, as defined by the DOL in 20 CFR Part 654, Subpart A, and in the list of labor surplus areas published by DOL’s Employment and Training Administration.

BOARD APPROVAL OF PROCUREMENT ACTIONS

Other than approval of this Procurement Policy, approval by the Board of Commissioners is not required for any procurement action, as permitted under State and local law. Rather, it is the responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer to ensure that all procurement actions are conducted in accordance with the policies contained herein.

DELEGATION OF CONTRACTING AUTHORITY

While the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for ensuring that Raise Up’s procurements comply with this Policy, he or she may delegate all procurement authority as is necessary and appropriate to conduct the business of the Agency. Further, and in accordance with this delegation of authority, the Chief Executive Officer, where necessary, establish operational procedures (such as a procurement manual or standard operating procedures) to implement this Policy. The Chief Executive Officer shall also establish a system of sanctions for violations of the ethical standards described herein, consistent with Federal, State, or local law.

RECORD KEEPING

Raise Up must maintain sufficient records to detail the significant history of each

procurement action. These records shall include, but shall not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- Rationale for the method of procurement if not self-evident;
- Rationale of contract pricing arrangement also if not self-evident;
- Reason for accepting or rejecting the bids or offers;
- Basis for the contract price;
- A copy of the contract documents awarded or issued and signed by the Contracting Officer;
- Basis for contract modifications; and
- Related contract administration actions.

The level of documentation should be commensurate with the value of the procurement. Records are to be retained for a period of three (3) years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report or, for Federal awards that are renewed quarterly or annually, from the data of the submission of the quarterly or annual financial report, respectively, as reported to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity in the case of a subrecipient.

DISPOSITION OF SURPLUS PROPERTY

Property no longer necessary for Raise Up's purposes (non-real property) shall be transferred, sold, or disposed of in accordance with applicable Federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

FUNDING AVAILABILITY

Before initiating any contract, Raise Up shall ensure that there are sufficient funds available to cover the anticipated cost of the contract or modification.

SELF-CERTIFICATION

Raise Up self-certifies that this Procurement Policy, and Raise Up's procurement system, complies with all applicable Federal regulations and, as such, Raise Up is exempt from prior HUD review and approval of individual procurement action.